

Alfred A. Mansour, III, M.D.
Stephanie Stekier, PA-C
Pediatric Sports Medicine and Hip Preservation
713-486-1820 office
713-512-7240 fax
Vanessa.Escamilla@uth.tmc.edu
6400 Fannin Street, Suite 1700
Houston, TX 77030
www.uth.tmc.edu/ortho/

# **Shoulder Arthroscopy Post-Operative Instructions**

#### **Initial Instructions**

- o Ice along with pain medicine are your keys to initial pain management.
- o After you arrive home, rest the remainder of the day. You may be tired or nauseated from the anesthesia and/or pain medication.
- You will be in a sling following surgery. Remain in this until your next appointment.

## **Dressing Change**

- Leave the dressing in place for 48 hours following surgery.
- After this, remove the dressing making sure to leave the steri-strip tape on the incisions in place.
  - The steri strips will stay in place for 1 ½ to 2 weeks before falling off on their own.
- You may now apply a new, clean, dry dressing at least once a day.
  - Place sterile bandages over the incisions.
- It is extremely important to keep the surgical site clean and dry at all times to help prevent infection.
- Signs of infection include redness, swelling, increased pain, warmth, fever (above 101.4 degrees
   F) and drainage from the wound. If you note any of these signs, please call the office <u>immediately</u> at 713-486-1820.

## **Bathing**

- You may shower 48 hours after your surgery and get your incisions wet.
  - Let the water run down over the incisions but do not rub or scrub them.
- Do not soak or submerge the surgical site for at least 3 weeks following surgery.
- o To wash underarm area, lean forward and let arm dangle in front of you.

#### Activity

- Rest for the first 24 hours.
- Remain in the sling except for showering or working on range of motion of the elbow and wrist.
  - You are encouraged to move the wrist and elbow on the surgical side several times a day to avoid stiffness.
- The first 4 weeks will be very slow moving in regards to progressing motion of the shoulder.
  - Avoid doing any activity not specifically demonstrated by your physical therapist or physician.
- The clinical staff will arrange formal physical therapy as needed.

## Cryotherapy

- o lcing is very important to decrease swelling and pain, and improve mobility.
- You will be provided with a cryocuff.
  - Keep cold therapy cuff on at all times for the first 24 hours after surgery.
  - Refill with cold water every hour while awake.
  - After 24 hours, continue to use the cuff 3-4 times a day, 15-20 minutes each time.
  - Be sure to keep clothing or a towel between ice and skin, as placing the ice directly on skin may cause frostbite. DO NOT PLACE DIRECTLY ON SKIN.
- If a cryocruff is not provided, please use ice for 20 minutes each over surgical site. DO NOT PLACE DIRECTLY ON SKIN.

## **Medications**

- You will be given a narcotic pain medication. This should be taken as needed every 4-6 hours for pain. Take with a little food.
- If given a prescription for an anti-inflammatory, such as Naproxen or Motrin, take as directed.
   Take with food.
- We recommend purchasing an over-the-counter stool softener (such as colace) to take as directed while taking narcotics to prevent constipation.

## **Post-Op Office Appointment**

If the appointment was not arranged prior to surgery, please contact the office at 713-486-1820.

## **Emergencies or Concerns**

- o Contact us at 713-486-1820 or go to the nearest emergency room.
  - Pain worsens or does not go away after pain medication is taken.
  - Redness or swelling in your thigh or calf or operative arm that will not decrease.
  - Difficulties moving your fingers or toes.
  - Develop a fever greater than 101.4 degrees.
- Please note that refills on pain medication will not be approved during evenings or on weekends.